

Department of Political Science
M.A. Previous
Paper-I-
HISTORY OF POLITICAL THOUGHT

1. Socrates
2. Plato-Republic Justice, Philosopher King, Education, Communism, Plat in the Laws.
3. Aristotle – Politics, Nature and function of state, Types of Constitution, Best State, Slavery, Revolution, Aristotle's criticism of Plato's Communism.
4. Roman Political Thought, Cicero.
5. Early Christian Thinker – St. Augustine.
6. Medieval Political Thought – Controversy between Church and State, Thomas Aquinas, Dante, Marsilio of dau, conciliar Movement.
7. Machiavelli, Bodin, Grotius, Hobbes, Locke, Roussead.

Paper-II-
COMPATIVE POLITICS

1. Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics, Major approaches to the study of Comparative Politics—Behavioural, Eastons input and output system analysis, Almond's structural and Functional approach, Modes of constitutional Amendment, Modern Constitutionalism.
2. Political Culture – Nature, Determinants and Variety of Political Culture, Role of Political Culture and development.
3. Ideology and Political System- The Role of Ideology in Political System, Political Decision Making.
4. Role of Elites and Bureaucracy.
5. Political Participation : Election, Voting behaviour, Public Opinion, Democratic Decentralization, Interest groups and essure groups.
6. Political Development.
7. Political Modernization.
8. Political Socialization.

Paper-III-
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Administration, Public and Private Administration.
2. Organisation : Approaches to the study of organisation, Formal, Informal, Mechanism, Humanistic. Principles of Organization Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Delegation, Co-ordination, Centralization Vs Decentralization.
3. The Departments-Home, Foreign-affairs, Defence and Finance Department, Independent Regulatory Commission, Public Corporation.
4. Chief Executive.
5. Personnel Administration : Classification, Recruitment, Promotion and Training.
6. Employees-Employer Relationship, Right to Association and Strike, Machinery for negotiation.
7. Role of Bureaucracy in Modern State.
8. Corruption, Redressal of grievances.
9. Financial Administration : Importance of financial administration, Budget : Preparation, enactment and execution, Parliamentary control on finance, Estimate and Public Accounts Committee, Adult-meaning and significance, Role of Controller and Auditor general.
10. Administrative Reform.

Paper-IV-
INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM

A Historical background of the present political system, Nature and Salient feature of India Constitution, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State policy, Position of the Indian President, His power and functions, The Cabinet, Indian Parliament, The Supreme Court, The nature of Indian Federation, The relation between Centre and States. The Governor, The Executive and Legislature in the States, The High Court, Democratic decentralisation in theory and practice, Political Parties and pressure Groups, Dynamics of Public Opinion and political process, Election system.

M.A. FINAL

Paper-I-

HISTORY OF POLITICAL THOUGHT

(From Bentham to Present days)

1. Bentham, J.S. Mill, Herbert Spencer, Kant, Hegel, T.H. Green, Bosanque, Marx, Lenin, Macdugal, Graham Wallas, Laski, Cole, Bertrand Russel.
2. Main Streams of Contemporary Thoughts:
 - a. Existentialists and New Left – Jean Paul Sertre, Herbert Marcuse,
 - b. Traditionalists – Michael Oakshatt and Leo Strauss.

Paper-II-

INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

1. International Politics – Definition Nature and Scope. Different Approaches (Realist and Idealist).
 - a. System Approach
 - b. Decision Making Approach
 - c. Game Theory
2. Nation-State System
3. Balance of Power
4. National Interest, Foreign Policy, Diplomacy, War
5. Cold War, Its causes, Effects, detent.
6. Nuclear Disarmament.
7. Non-Alignments
8. India and Super Powers.

Paper-III & IV :

Any one of the following groups

Either

Group-A

Paper-III-

INTERNATIONAL LAW

1. Definition, Nature, Scope and sources of International Law, International Law and Municipal Law.
2. Historical Development of International Law, Codification of International Law, Subjects of International Law.
3. Laws of Peace: State territory, Recognition: Succession, Diplomatic enjoys, position of Individual in International Law, Treaties: Extradition: International Settlement of International disputes.

4. Law of War : Declaration of war, Enemy character, warfare on land, Occupation warfare, on sea, piracy, Prize Court laws of areal warfare, war crimes, Prisoner of war, Termination of War.

5. Laws of Neutrality-Its present position Neutrality and Neutralisation, Rights and duties deriving from Neutrality Right of Angary, Blackade : Contraband; Unretal service; Right of visit and search; Doctrine of Continuous voyage.

Prescribed Cases :

1. Paquete Habana and the Lol.
2. Lusitania.
3. West Rand Gold Mining company Vs Rex.
4. Mighel Vs Sultan of Johone.
5. Wimbledon
6. S.S. Lotus
7. Corfu Channel case.
8. Zamora.
9. Asama Maru
10. Virginus
11. Meurier's case
12. Savarkar case
13. Anglo Iranian Oil Disputes
14. Portugal Vs India.

Paper-IV

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

Basis and Nature of International organization, History of International organisation. The League of Nations-A detailed study, The United Nations-a detailed study, Specialised Agencies of the U.N., Revision of the U.N. Charter. Regional International organization.

Group B

Paper-III-

ANCIENT INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

Ancient Hindu Political Tradition : Its sources, problems and features; its philosophical and religious basis. The Hindu Conception of man and life; conception of four purusharthas, Man and his relation to society. Political Ideas of the Vedic samhitas, the Brahmins and the Principle Upanishads. Conception of State, Law, Authority, Kingship and Social organization in Early-Smritis or Dharma Sutras, Early Buddhistic Political theory as based on Pali Canons and Jatakas.

The Arthasastra Tradition and Kautilya's Arthasastra Tradion and Kautilya's Arthasastra, Smriti of Manu and Yajnavalkya.

The Ramayana and the original Panchatantra, Political theories of the earlier Mahapuranas, the Nitisar of Kamandaka, Political Ideas of the Great Smriti, commentaries and early Smriti digests. The Niti-Kavyamritam of Somadeva, the Ideas of Hemachandra and the Sukranifisara.

Paper-IV-

MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

Modern Indian Social and political thought in the making, Impacts of western contact, The social and religious movement of Ninteenth century with special reference to the Ideas of Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Daya Nand Saraswati. The liberal school with special reference to socio-Economic Idea of Ranade, Dadabhai, Naoroji, Pherojeshah Mehta, S.N. Banarjee adn Gopal Krishna Gokhale. Radical school with special reference to the socio-Economic &

Political Ideas of Bal Ganga Dhar Tilak, Lala Lajpat Rai. Political Ideas of Mahatma Gandhi, Subhas Chandra Bose, M.N. Roy, Jawahar Lal Nehru, St. Vinobha Bhave and Jai Prakash Narain.

Group C

Paper-III-

INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

Constitutional frame work, Union Executive, State Executive Union and State relation. Organisation of the Union ministries: External Affairs, Home, Finance and Railways, Cabinet, secretariat, O&M Civil service in Indian, Public service commission, Indian Administrative service, Election commission, camp controller and Auditor General of India. Planning in India, Planning machinery in India, Administrative problems of planning, Five year Plans with special reference to administrative main features of public corporation in India-L.I.C. and D.V.C. (Community Project and District administration in India. Problems of Public Administration and Administrative Reforms in India.

Paper-IV-

LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT

Nature and value of local Government institution, Principles of Local Government : Decentralisation, Deconcentration, Democratic Centralism, Democratic Decentralisation. Limits of Local Government, Adhoc Vs All purpose authoirty, small Units Vs large units; determinants of Units. Power and function; theories and methods of granting powers. Local councils, Committee system, type of chief-executive and Administrative Personnel. Finance : Financial resources : grants in aid system, Borrowing and loan. Problems of local self Government, future of local self Government